How returns from debt mutual funds are taxed

- 1. Mutual funds that invest less than 65% of their corpus in equity and equity related securities at all times are treated as debt mutual funds for taxation.
- 2. Gains on debt mutual funds held for less than 36 months are treated as short term capital gains and taxed as per the income tax slab of the investor.
- 3. Gains on debt mutual funds held for 36 months or more are treated as long-term capital gains and taxed at the rate of 20% after indexation.
- 4. Dividends from debt mutual funds are taxfree in the hands of investors but they are liable for a dividend distribution tax of 25% (29.12% with surcharge and cess).
- 5. For income tax purposes, international funds and fund of funds are considered as debt funds and taxed accordingly.

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