## "Mock Search"

#### (under Income Tax Act, 1961)

<u>Presented By:-</u> <u>Team – Voice of CA</u>

## Salient features of Search and Seizure proceedings\*\*

# Question & Answers??

## SET UP – I

#### <u>Scene of Income Tax</u> Office (Investigation)



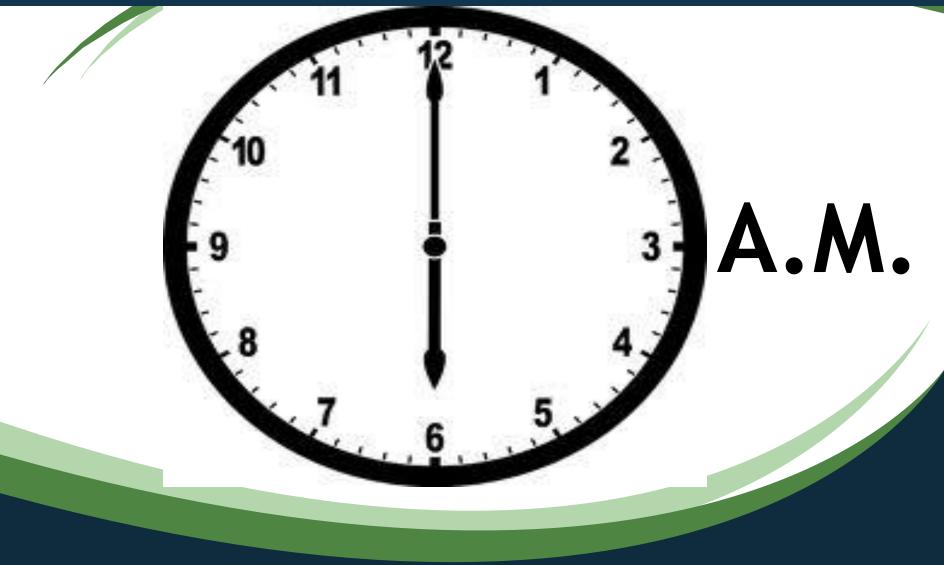
#### 20<sup>th</sup> October , 2015 Office of Director of Income Tax (Inv.)



## "After few Days"

#### <u>Genuineness of complaint</u> <u>is being verified</u>

#### 27<sup>th</sup> November , 2015 Office of Dy. Director of Income Tax (Inv.)



#### 27<sup>th</sup> November, 2015 at Tilak Marg



## SET UP – I

#### <u>Scene of Income Tax Office</u> (Investigation)



# Question & Answers??

### <u>Satisfaction Note \*\*</u> <u>Mandatory before Search.</u>

<u>Circumstances under which search can be carried -</u> <u>Instruction No. 7/2003, dt . 30/07/2003, relating to search</u> <u>and seizure.</u>

(i) (a) Searches should be carried out only in cases where there is credible evidence to indicate substantial unaccounted income/ assets in relation to the fix normally paid by the assessee or where the expected concealment is more than Rs.1 crore.

(b) Search operation will also be mounted when there is evidence of hidden unaccounted fraud, gangsterism, fake currency, fake stamp papers and such other manifestations;

(c) Taxpayers who are professionals of excellence should not be searched without there being compelling evidence and confirmation of substantial tax evasion.

#### <u>Circumstances under which search can be</u>

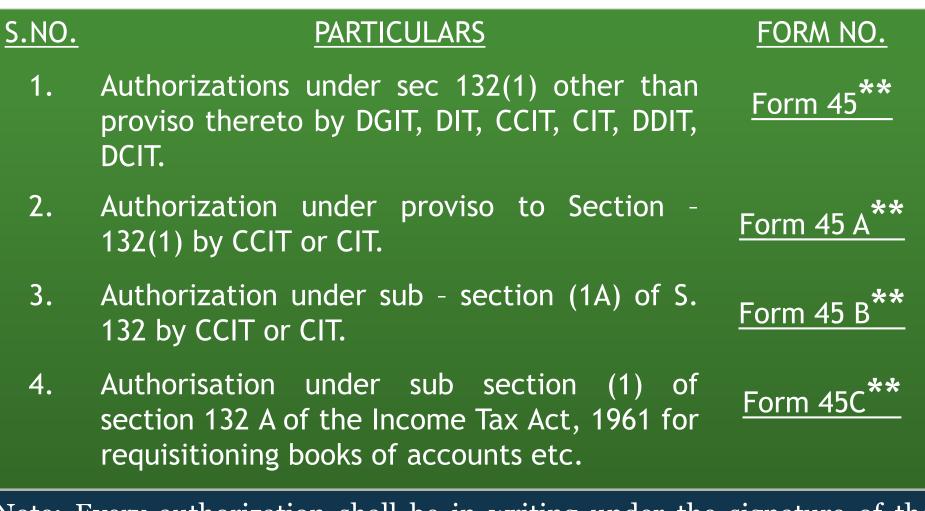
#### carried.....



(ii) Search to be authorized only by the concerned official, who will be accountable for the action initiated by the officers working under him. He should also ensure that all the work relating to search & seizure, like post-search inquiries, preparation of appraisal report and handing over of seized books of account, etc., should be completed by the Investigation Wing within a period of 60 days from the date on which the last of the authorization for search was executed.

## Executions of Authorizations

#### Executions of Authorizations



<u>Note</u>: Every authorization shall be in writing under the signature of the officer issuing the authorization and shall bear his seal.

#### Do's / Don'ts & Rights / Duties -

### Income Tax Officials

#### Do's- Income Tax Officials

- To <u>show the authorization</u> immediately on entry, to any adult member in the premises and take his signature along with date and time.
- ➤ To show their <u>Identity Cards</u> and offer themselves for personal search and recording the fact of the personal search separately.
- ➤ To ensure that all the <u>exit points</u> of the premises are fully covered to prevent any possibility of throwing away of any material etc.

#### Do's- Income Tax Officials

- Yo immediately take <u>control of all the telephones</u> including Mobile Phones, Fax Machines.
- To conduct the search in the presence of atleast 2 witnesses. (Rule 112
   (6) of Income Tax Rules, 1962 )
- Not to threaten, abuse or use any indecent language against the person searched.
- Not to get provoked and <u>maintain a cool and calm temperament</u> and to be alert.

#### Don't- Income Tax Officials

- To avoid using the items of personal use of the assessee like Bed, T.V. etc. and also avoiding making the private calls from the assessee's telephone.
- To decline the assessee's offer of food or refreshment politely in order to avoid any possible drugging.
- > Not to leave the premises without informing the assessee.

### Rights and Duties of

## Income Tax Officials

#### Income Tax Department



- Enter and search any building, place, vehicle, or aircraft where he has reason to suspect that such books of account, other documents, money, bullion, jewellery and other valuable articles are kept. [S.132(1)(i).]
- Break open the lock of any door, locker, safe, Almirah or other receptacle for exercising the powers conferred under clause (i) where the keys thereof are not available. [Section 132(1)(ii)]
  - **Search any person** who has got out of, or is about to get into, or is in, the building, place, vessel, vehicle or aircraft, if the authorized officer has reason to suspect that such person has secreted about his person any such books of account, other documents, money, bullion, jewellery or other valuable article or thing. **[Section 132(1)(iia)]**

Require any person who is found to be in possession or control of any books of account or other documents maintained in the form of electronic record as defined in section 2(1)(t) of the Information Technology Act, 2000 to afford the authorized officer the necessary facility to inspect such books of account or other documents. [Section 132(1)(iib)]

**<u>Note</u>**: Person defaulting u/s 132(1)(iib) shall be liable to rigorous imprisonment for a term which may extend to two years and shall also be liable to fine. **[Sec. 275B]** 

□ Seize any such books of account, other documents, money, bullion, jewellery, or other valuable article or thing found as a result of such search (however, from June 1, 2003, any bullion, Jewellery or other valuable article or thing being stock - in − trade of the business found as a result of search shall not be seized but the authorized officer shall make a note or inventory of such stock in trade of the business. [Section 132(1)(iii)]

In <u>Director General of Income Tax and Anr. vs Diamondstar</u> <u>Exports Ltd and Ors. [2006] 293 ITR 438</u>, Hon'ble SC has held that Jewellery and ornaments seized during an illegal search were to be returned to the owners as soon as possible, along with the interest at the rate of 8 per cent on the value of the seized items.

- Place marks of identification on any books of account or other documents or make or cause to be made extracts or copies there from. [Section 132 (1)(iv)]
- □ *Make a note or an inventory* of such money, bullion, jewellery or other valuable article of thing. *[Section 132 (1)(v) ]*

#### □ **DEEMED SIEZURE second proviso to sec (1) of section 132.**

Where it is not possible or practicable to take physical possession of any valuable article or thing and remove it to a safe place <u>due to its volume</u>, <u>weight or other physical characteristics or due to its being of</u> <u>dangerous nature</u>, the authorized officer may serve an order on the owner ( or the person who is in immediate possession thereof ) that he shall not remove, part with or otherwise deal with it, except with the previous permission of the authorized officer.

#### Police Assistance [Section 132(2)]

The Authorized officer may requisition the services of any police officer or any officer of the Central Government or both to assist him for the purposes of Sec. 132(1)/(1A) & it shall be the duty of every such officer to comply with such requisition.

Note: (a) Provision of deemed seizure shall not apply in case of stock in trade.
(b) Person defaulting in second proviso to Sec. 132(1) shall be punishable with rigorous imprisonment which may extend to 2 years & shall also be liable to fine. [Sec.275A]

**<u>Restraint order, Section 132(3)</u>**: Where it is not practicable to seize any material for any reason other than those specified in second proviso to S. 132(1) then in such a case the Authorized officer may serve an order on the specified person, that such person shall not remove, part with or otherwise deal with it except with the prior permission of such officer.

However serving of an order under s.s(3) shall not be deemed to be seizure under clause (iii) of s.sec.(1)

Limitation of Section 132(3), Section 132(8A): An order u/s 132(3) shall be valid up to 60 days from the date of the order.

**Note:** Person defaulting in Sec. 132(3) shall be punishable with rigorous imprisonment which may extend to 2 years & shall be liable to fine also.

[Sec. 275A]

**Examination on Oath, Section 132(4)**: The Authorized officer may, during the course of the search or seizure, examine on oath any person who is found to be in possession or control of any books of account, documents, money, bullion, jewellery or other valuable article or thing and any statement made by such person during such examination may thereafter be used in evidence in any proceeding under the Indian Income Tax Act, 1922 (11 of 1922), or under this Act.

#### Income Tax Department

#### Duties

#### Income Tax Department - Duties

✓ Tø <u>allow the school going children to attend the school</u> after checking their school bags for any incriminating material etc.

- ✓ To allow the assessee and other occupants of the premises to take their meals and medicines at the normal time and also allowing the old members of the family to take rest at their normal hours.
- ✓ <u>Not to threaten, abuse</u> or use any indecent language against the person searched.
- Not to get provoked and maintain a cool and calm temperament and to be alert.

#### Income Tax Department - Duties

- ✓ To <u>avoid using the items of personal use of the assessee</u> like Bed, TV etc. and also avoiding making the private calls from the assessee's telephone.
- ✓ **Leave** the premises only **<u>after informing</u>** the assessee.
- Decline the assessee's offer of food or refreshment politely in order to <u>avoid any possible drugging</u>.

### <u>Do's / Don'ts & Rights /</u> <u>Duties - Assessee.</u>



To <u>see the warrant of authorisation</u> duly signed and sealed by the issuing authority.

✓ To **verify the identity** of each member of the search party.

✓ To insist on personal search of ladies being taken only by a lady, with strict regard to decency.

✓ To have at least two respectable and independent residents of the locality.



- A <u>lady</u> occupying an apartment being searched has a <u>right to withdraw</u>
   <u>before the search party</u> enters, if according to custom, she does not appear in public.
- ✓ To <u>call a medical practitioner</u> in case of emergency.
- To <u>inspect the seals placed</u> on various receptacles, sealed in course of search and subsequently at the time of reopening of the seals.



Every person who is examined u/s 132(4) has a right to <u>ensure that</u>
 <u>the facts so stated by him have been recorded correctly</u>.

✓ To have a **<u>copy of the panchanama</u>** together with all the annexure.

✓ To have a <u>copy of any statement that is used against him</u> by the Department.

#### Assessee's - Duties

✓ To allow **free and unhindered ingress** into the premises.

- ✓ To <u>see the warrant of authorization and put signature</u> on the same.
- ✓ To <u>identify all receptacles</u> in which assets or books of account and documents are kept and to <u>hand over keys</u> to such receptacles to the authorized officer.
- ✓ To <u>identify and explain the ownership</u> of the assets, books of account and documents found in the premises.

If the assessee provides evidence which is false and which he knows or believes to be false, he is liable to be punished under section 191 of the Indian Penal Code.



✓ To <u>affix his signature on the recorded statement</u>, inventories and the panchanama.

- ✓ To ensure that <u>peace is maintained</u> throughout the duration of the search, and to cooperation with the search party in all respects so that the search action is concluded at the earliest and in a peaceful manner.
- ✓ Similar <u>co-operation should be extended</u> even after the search action is over, so as to enable the authorized officer to complete necessary follow-up investigations at the earliest.



- To <u>identify every individual in the premises and to explain</u> <u>their relationship to the person being searched</u>. He should not mislead by personation. If he cheats by pretending to be some other person or knowingly substitutes one person for another, it is an offence punishable under section 416 of the Indian Penal Code.
- ✓ Not to allow or encourage the entry of any unauthorized person into the premises.

#### Assessee's - Duties

- Not to remove any article from its place without notice or <u>knowledge of the authorized officer</u>. If he secretes or destroys any document with the intention of preventing the same from being produced or used as evidence before the court or public servant, he shall be punishable with imprisonment or fine or both, in accordance with section 204 of the Indian Penal Code.
- ✓ Being <u>legally bound by an oath or affirmation to state the truth</u>, if he makes a false statement, he shall be punishable with imprisonment or find or both under section 181 of the Indian Penal Code.

### Duties of Investigation Officers & Assessee during

Search

#### <u>Duties of Investigation Officers while</u> <u>conducting search</u>

- To give to the assessee or occupant of the premises <u>an opportunity</u> for handing over the keys of any room / receptacle and duly recording the fact of the non availability of the keys before restoring to break open the locks.
- ➢ To <u>allow the school going children to attend the school</u> after checking their school bags for any incriminating material etc.
- To allow the assessee and other occupants of the premises to take their meals and medicines at the normal time and also allowing the old members of the family to take rest at their normal hours.

- To <u>identify and explain the ownership</u> of the assets, books of account and documents found in the premises.
- Similarly, if he provides evidence which is false and which he knows or believes to be false, he is liable to be punished u/s 191 of the Indian Penal Code.
- To <u>affix his signature</u> on the recorded statement, inventories and the Panchanama.

- To identify every individual in the premises and to explain their relationship to the person being searched. He should not mislead by personation. If he cheats by pretending to be some other person or knowingly substitutes one person for another, it is an offence punishable under section 416 of the Indian Penal Code.
- Not to remove any article from its place without notice or knowledge of the authorized officer. If he secretes or destroys any document with the intention of preventing the same from being produced or used as evidence before the court or public servant, he shall be punishable with imprisonment or fine or both, in accordance with section 204 of the Indian Penal Code.

Not to allow or encourage the entry of any unauthorized person into the premises.

- Being <u>legally bound by an oath or affirmation to state the truth</u>, if he makes a false statement, he shall be punishable with imprisonment or find or both under Section 181 of the Indian Penal Code.
- ➢ To inspect the seals placed on various receptacles, sealed in course of search and subsequently at the time of reopening of the seals.
- > To have a **copy of the Panchanama** together with all the annexure.

To <u>have a copy of any statement</u> that is used against him by the Department.

- ➤ To <u>ensure that peace is maintained</u> throughout the duration of the search, and to cooperation with the search party in all respects so that the search action is concluded at the earliest and in a peaceful manner.
- Similar <u>co-operation</u> should be extended even after the search action is over, so as to enable the authorized officer to complete necessary follow-up investigations at the earliest.

# Question & Answers??

## SET UP – II

### Scene of Residence



#### <u>27<sup>th</sup> November, 2015</u> Search team enters residence



## Search Warrant

#### Form 45\*\*(for Residence)

## Witness Form\*\*

#### 27<sup>th</sup> November, 2015 - Search Starts



#### 28<sup>th</sup> November, 2015 Search at Residence concluded

## **A.M.**

## SET UP – II

### Scene of Residence



# Question & Answers??

### Model Preliminary Statement u/s 132(4)\*\*

## Panchnama

#### Performa of Panchnama\*\*

### Preparation of Annexure & Panchnama.

#### ANNEXURE-A\*\*

#### ANNEXURE-C\*\*

#### ANNEXURE-J\*\*

#### ANNEXURE-O\*\*

Restraint Order u/s 132(3)\*\*

<u>\*Note : Instruction No. 1916</u><sup>\*\*</sup>, dated 11-05-1994 - Specifies for Guidelines for seizure of jewellery and ornaments in the course of search

# Question & Answers??

## SET UP - III

### <u>Scene of Office of Tax</u> <u>Consultant</u>

Start

#### 27<sup>th</sup> November, 2015 Survey at Office of Tax Consultant



## SET UP - III

### <u>Scene of Office of Tax</u> <u>Consultant</u>



# Question & Answers??

## Survey Authorization\*\*

### Survey under Income Tax Act, 1961\*\*

### Impounding Order u/s 133A\*

#### Statement of Tax Consultant\*\*

#### <u>Survey / Search on Authorized/</u> <u>Legal Representative</u>

There is no prohibition or immunity from covering a CA / AR along with his client at the time of search. The suggested course of action which a CA/AR should preferably recourse in such a situation is as under: -

- To keep all the files / documents related to such client separately at one place and never keep such documents which are known to the CA / AR as being of undisclosed nature.
- To store the Computer Data related to such client in a separate and identifiable in the Computer.
- To ensure that the files / documents / data related to such clients are not found at a place other than as stated to the search party.
- To make a request to the Authorised Officer for allowing him to contact the Authorising Authority for explaining his position and make a request for not to carry out search but to carry out survey only.

# Question & Answers??

## SET UP - IV

#### Scene of Business Premises



#### 27<sup>th</sup> November, 2015 Search team reaches business premises & waiting outside



### 27<sup>th</sup> November, 2015 Search team enters Business Premises



#### 28<sup>th</sup> November, 2015 Assessees comes at Business Premises



### Confessional Statement u/s 132(4)\*\*

Particulars	Provisions of Penalty u/s 271AAA	Provisions of penalty u/s 271AAB
Period to which provisions shall apply.	Where search has been initiated between 01/07/2007 to 30/06/2012	initiated on or after the
Rate of penalty	10% of the undisclosed income of the specified previous year.	

<b>Provisions of Penalty</b>	<b>Provisions of penalty under Section</b>
under Section 271AAA	271AAB
<ul> <li>In all circumstances <u>except</u></li> <li>Where assessee in its statement recorded u/s 132(4) admits undisclosed income</li> <li>Specifies and substantiates the manner in which such income has been derived</li> <li>pays the tax, together with interest, if any, in respect of the undisclosed income.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a. Penalty @ 10%</li> <li>Where assessee in its statement recorded u/s 132(4) admits undisclosed income</li> <li>Specifies and substantiates the manner in which such income has been derived</li> <li>pays the tax, together with interest and furnishes the return of income for the specified previous declaring such undisclosed income therein;</li> <li>on or before the specified date i.e. due</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>under Section 271AAA</li> <li>In all circumstances except</li> <li>Where assessee in its statement recorded u/s 132(4) admits undisclosed income</li> <li>Specifies and substantiates the manner in which such income has been derived</li> <li>pays the tax, together with interest, if any, in respect of the</li> </ul>

Therefore penalty is NIL

	Provisions of Penal under Section 271AAA	ty Provisions of penalty under Section 271AAB
Circumstances under which penalty leviable.		<ul> <li>b. Penalty @ 20%</li> <li>Where assessee in its statement recorded u/s 132(4) does not admits undisclosed income</li> <li>on or before the specified date i.e. ((139(1) or 153A as the case may be)</li> <li>declares such income in the return of income furnished for the specified previous year; and</li> <li>pays the tax, together with interest, if any, in respect of the undisclosed income.</li> </ul>

Particulars	Provisions of Penalty	Provisions of penalty under Section
T al ticular s		271AAB
Circumstances under which penalty leviable.		<ul> <li>c. <u>Penalty @ 30% to 90%</u></li> <li>In cases not covered by the provisions of clauses (a) and (b) above.</li> </ul>
Applicability of Penalty u/s 271(1)(c).		No Change, same as earlier
	Sections 274 & 275 shall, so far as may be, apply in relation to the penalty referred to in this section.	No Change same as earlier.

#### 28<sup>th</sup> November, 2015 Search at Business Premises concluded



## SET UP - IV

### Scene of Business Premises



# Question & Answers??

## SET UP – V

### <u>Scene of Operation of Locker at</u> <u>Lena Dena Vault</u>



28<sup>th</sup> November, 2015 Lena Dena Vault



## SET UP – V

### <u>Scene of Operation of Locker at</u> <u>Lena Dena Vault</u>



# Question & Answers??

## Practical Tips for handling Post Search proceedings

- Systematically arrange and make analysis of all the seized documents.
- Sort the documents Assessee wise, Assessment year wise and Premises wise.
- Sort the documents having financial relevance and financially irrelevant.
- If the documents are financially relevant, ascertain how they are explainable vis-à-vis books of account or other details available with the Income Tax Department or are found/ seized from the premises searched or surveyed.



- See if the explanation is available about all the records available with the Income tax department.
- Offer Peak Credits as undisclosed income, if any.
- Return of income u/s 153A should be filed judiciously after consideration of records and material lying with income tax department.
- Where any undisclosed income is offered in the return filed u/s 153A then the expenditure incurred to earn that income may also be claimed.
- File returns under protest if required notices are not properly issued & challenge the validity of proceedings at the time of Assessments itself.

### Narrator CA Sidharth Jain

## **Directorial Board**

- Deepika Agarwal
- CA Jyoti Kaur

- CA D N Bhardwaj
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• CA Apoorva Bhardwaj



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- Abhishek Garg
- Keshav Goyal
- Pulkit Dalmia
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- CA Vijay Kumar Gupta
- CA Mukesh Jain
- CA Karan Aggarwal
- Parasram Sharma
- Rajesh Gupta
- Ramkumar Sharma
- Neha Agarwal
- Lakshay Gupta
- Kunal Gupta
- Nupur Chauhan
- Ravneet Kaur
- Aman Nagpal

## Thank You...!!

## <u>Presented By:-</u> Team – Voice of CA