

June 30, 2025

Good morning my Dear Friend

We are happy to share our "weekly" research paper being published on "every Monday"

141 FAQs on Export of Goods and Services under FEMA, 1999

This research paper is relevant

For

Knowing about Export of Goods and Services under FEMA for Residents + also Non-Residents "both" through our "21" pilot points

1.

- (i) Exports of Goods and Services (EoGS) from India is regulated by Directorate General of Foreign Trade (DGFT) through its regional offices as functioning under Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Department of Commerce, Government of India (Govt.).
- (ii) Policies and procedures as required are to be followed for EoGS as announced by DGFT from time to time.

2.

- (i) AD Category-I Banks are permitted to conduct exports transactions in accordance to Foreign Trade Policy (FTP) and Rules thereon as framed by Govt. and through Directions as issued by Reserve Bank of India (RBI) from time to time.
- (ii) AD Category-I Banks are permitted to exercise powers as conferred through section 7(1a) and (3) and section 47 (2) under Foreign Exchange Management Act (FEMA) 1999

3.

RBI has notified Foreign Exchange Management (Exports of Goods and Services)

Regulations, 2015 for EoGS. These Regulations have been notified through Notification

No. FEMA 23(R)/2015-RB dated Jan 12, 2016 also amended from time to time.

- (i) Exporters are permitted to issue contracts and invoices in INR in accordance to Rules, Regulations, Notifications and Directions as framed under FEMA, 1999.
- (ii) Exporters are also permitted to issue contracts and invoices in freely convertible currency (FCC) under provisions as given in Para 2.52 of FTP (2015-2020)

- (iii) Generally, exporters are not permitted to receive payments against EoGS in INR. Hence exporters are permitted to receive payments against EoGS in FCC "only".
- (iv) Specifically, exporters are permitted to receive payments against specific EoGS in INR where freely convertible vostro account (FCVA) of non- resident AD Category-I Banks are located in country where overseas importers (buyers) country is not member of Asian Clearing Union (ACU) or buyers is situated in Nepal / Bhutan.

- (i) Generally, AD Category-I Banks are required to make reference to RBI through Regional Office (RO) as situated in jurisdiction where exporters are functioning / residing firm / company.
- (ii) Specifically, AD Category-I Banks are permitted to make reference to RBI through different ROs with specific reasons + also AD Category-I Banks are required to take RBI's approval through RO as situated in jurisdiction.
- **6.**Financial Year (April to March) is to reckon as time base for 100% transactions for EoGS matters.

7.

- (i) Exporters are not required to submit declaration against exports of goods and software in prescribed form as indicated in Regulation 4 of Foreign Exchange Management (Exports of Goods and Services) Regulations, dated Jan 12, 2016.
- (ii) However, exporters are liable to realize + also to repatriate exports proceeds "both" in accordance to FEMA Regulations.

- (i) AD Category-I Banks are permitted to consider requests for granting Export Declaration Form (EDF) waiver against request as received from general exporters for exports of goods at zero cost for exports promotion where exports of goods at zero cost are not exceeding 2% of average "annual exports" turnover of last 3 preceding financial years or not exceeding 5 lac in lump sum whichever is lower.
- (ii) AD Category-I Banks are permitted to consider requests for granting EDF waiver against request from Star holder exporters for exports of goods at zero cost for exports promotion where exports of goods at zero cost are not exceeding 2% of average "annual exports" turnover of last 3 preceding financial years or not exceeding 10 lac in Lum-sum whichever is lower.
- (iii) Exporters of goods are permitted to obtain RBI's approval through AD Category-I Banks for EDF's waiver where exports of goods at zero cost + also not involving any foreign exchange directly / indirectly.

- 100% payments against EoGS are required to receive through AD Category-I Banks in accordance as specified in Foreign Exchange Management (Manner of Receipt & Payment) Regulations, 2000 as notified through Notification No. FEMA.14/2000-RB dated May 3, 2000 in certain modes like:
- (i) Bank drafts / pay orders / banker's cheques / personal cheques.
- (ii) Foreign currency notes / foreign currency travellers' cheques from buyers during their personal visit to India.
- (iii) Payment out of funds as held in FCNR / NRE account as maintained by buyers in India.
- (iv) International Credit Cards for buyers.

10.

- (i) Generally, exporters are permitted to settle with residents of Nepal / Bhutan in INR "only".
- (ii) Specifically, exporters are required to receive payments in FCC through ACU mechanism where Nepal Rashtra Bank (similar to RBI in India) has permitted buyers to make payments in FCC + also payments "both" are required to route through ACU mechanism "only".
- (iii) Exporters are required to enter in sale contracts along with indication for approximate equivalent value of exports for jewellery of precious metals in relevant EDF where exporters are exporting precious metal i.e. Gold + Silver + also Platinum "all" through Gem and Jewellery through units as located in SEZs / EOUs.

- AD Category-I Banks are permitted to offer facility for repatriation against exports related remittances through entering into standing arrangements for OPGSPs subject to satisfaction of certain conditions:
- (i) AD Category-I Banks are required to carry due diligence for OPGSP.
- (ii) OPGSP facility is available for EoGS not exceeding USD 10,000.
- (iii) (a) AD Category-I Banks are required to open NOSTRO collection accounts for receipts against payments where exporters are availing this facility.
 - (b) AD Category-I Banks are required to ensure that no funds are allowed to retain in other accounts + also 100% receipts should be automatically swept and pooled into NOSTRO collection accounts as opened by AD Category-I Banks in India.
- (iv) AD Category-I Banks are required to open "separates" NOSTRO collection accounts for "each" OPGSP or AD Category-I Banks should be able to delineate transactions in NOSTRO account of each OPGSP.

- (v) Permissible debits to NOSTRO collection accounts for repatriation of funds against payment of fee / commission for OPGSP in accordance to predetermined rates / frequency / arrangement + also charge back to buyers where exporters have failed in discharging his obligations under sale contract.
- (vi) Balances as held in NOSTRO collection accounts are required to credit to respective exporter's account immediately on receipt of confirmation from buyers within maximum 7 days from date of credit into NOSTRO collection accounts.
- (vii) AD Category-I Banks are required to satisfy about bona fides of transactions + also to ensure that purpose codes as reported to RBI against online payment gateways are correct

- (i) AD Category-I Banks are permitted to facilitate transactions / settlements through participations in ACU Mechanism along with option to settle transactions in ACU Dollar / in ACU Euro. This facility is effective from Jan 01, 2009
 - (b) Asian Monetary Unit (AMU) is required to denominate as ACU USD + also ACU Euro which is equivalent in value of 1 USD and 1 Euro respectively.
- (ii) Exporters are permitted to open + also to maintain ACU <u>USD</u> and ACU <u>Euro</u> accounts "both" with AD Category-I Banks. Hence 100% payments are required to settle by concerned AD Category-I Banks through these accounts.
- (iii) Trade transactions with Myanmar may be settled in "any" FCC in addition to ACU mechanism.
- (iv) Trade transactions with Iran may be settled in "permitted" currency outside ACU mechanism. This facility is effective from Dec 27, 2010.

- RBI has decided to permit 3rd party payments for exports transactions "after" satisfaction of certain conditions:
- (i) AD Category-I Banks are required to ensure that firm irrevocable order for exports is backed by tripartite agreement.
 - (b) AD Category-I Banks are not permitted to insist for firm recoverable order for exports as backed by tripartite agreement where documentary evidences for circumstances as leading to 3rd party payments or name of 3rd party is already mentioned in irrevocable order or invoice as produced by exporters "after" satisfaction of certain conditions:
 - (c) AD Category-I Banks are required to satisfy with bona fides of transactions + also exports documents i.e. invoice + also Foreign Inward Remittance Certificate (FIRC) "both".

- (ii) AD Category-I Banks are required to consider Financial Action Task Force (FATF) statements "before" handling transactions.
- (iii) 3rd party payments are required to route through banking channel "only".
- (iv) Exporters are required to declare 3rd party remittance in EDF + also to realize + also to repatriate exports proceeds "both" from 3rd party as named in EDF
- (v) Exporters are required to realize + also to repatriate exports proceeds "both" from 3rd party at named in EDF.
- (vi) AD Category-I Banks are required to report outstanding in XOS + to continue as shown against name of exporters. AD Category-I Banks are further required to show name of buyers where proceeds are required to realize + also name of declared 3rd party "both" should be appeared in XOS.
- (vii) AD Category-I Banks are required to receive payments from Open Cover Country (OCC) where shipments are being made to country as existed in Group-II of Restricted Cover Countries (RCC) i.e. Sudan + Somalia + also etc. "all"

- AD Category-I Banks are permitted to facilitate settlements of exports transactions where invoicing is in FCC but direct exchange rates are not available "after" satisfaction of certain conditions:
- (i) Exporters should be customers of AD Category-I Banks.
- (ii) Signed contract or invoice should be in FCC
- (iii) Exporters should be ready to receive payments in currency of buyers as full and final settlement.
- (iv) AD Category-I Banks should be satisfied with bona fides of transactions
- (v) Buyers should not be from country or jurisdiction as updated in FATF Public Statement on High Risk + also non-co-operative Jurisdictions where FATF has called for counter measures.

15.

AD Category-I Banks are required to put SIN in 100% applications / correspondence to be sent to RBI. SIN number is already available on Export Declaration Form (EDF) + also SOFTEX forms "both".

16.

AD Category-I Banks are required to dispose EDF in accordance to Regulation 6 of Foreign Exchange Management (Exports of Goods and Services) Regulations, 2000 notified through Notification No. FEMA 23/2000-RB dated May 03rd 2000 as amended from time to time.

- (i) Procedure for EDF's submission against exports of goods through EDI ports is required to continue "without" any change.
- (ii) Submission of EDF is not required where exports of goods or software's are taking place through EDI port. SDF is subsumed in shipping bill format.

18.

- (i) EDF is required to use for declaration of exports of Goods at Non-EDI ports.
- (ii) EDF is required to complete by exporters in duplicate + also both copies to be submitted to Customs at port of shipment along with shipping bill.

19.

- (i) Customs office is required to give running serial number on both copies "after" admitting corresponding shipping bill.
- (ii) Customs serial number is required to be 10 numerals denoting code number of port of shipment, calendar year and 6-digit running serial number.
- (iii) Customs are required to certify value as declared by exporters on both copies of EDF at space as marked + also to record assessed value "both"
- (iv) Customs office is required to return duplicate copy of EDF to exporters + also to retain original copy for transmission to RBI.
- (v) Customs office is required to return duplicate copy "after" examination of goods + also certifying quantity as approved for shipment to exporters for submission to AD Category-I Banks for negotiation / collection of exports bills

20.

- (i) Exporters are required to submit duplicate copy of EDF again to Customs along with cargo as to be shipped.
- (ii) Exporters are required to lodge duplicate copy along with relative shipping documents + also extra copy of invoice "both" to AD Category-I Banks as named in EDF.

- (i) AD Category-I Banks are required to report transaction through Export Data Processing and Monitoring System (EDPMS) of RBI "after" documents have been negotiated / sent for collection.
- (ii) AD Category-I Banks are not required to submit duplicate copy of form together with copy of invoice to RBI.
- (iii) AD Category-I Banks are permitted to accept another duplicate copy of EDF as duly certified by Customs
- (iv) AD Category-I Banks are required to countersign original copy of EDF for exports of goods through postal. AD Category-I Banks have to follow misplaced / lost.

Our research papers are being published "weekly" under our special program known as Darshan Mala Series For Knowing about legal provisions + also workings "both" under Different Indian Acts like: Prevention of Corruption (PC) Act,1988 + Prevention of Money Laundering Act (PMLA) 2002 + also etc. "all" Different Indian **Enforcement** agencies like: ED + DRI + CBI + NIA + SFIO + DGITCI + DGGI + also etc. "all" Different Indian Regulatory Authorities like: IFSCA + RBI + SEBI + NCB + R&AW + EOW + IB + CVC + NCLT + FIU-IND + also etc. "all" You may click on following link: https://taxguru.in/author/satishagarwal307 1957/ 0rwww.femainindia.com For Viewing our brief profile available on Google Where our publically published free 150 + research papers and 25000 + "both" are available For Your kind reading + also reverting back to us "both" With warm wishes CA Satish Agarwal 9/14, (First Floor), East Patel Nagar, New Delhi - 110008 Phone: Office +911141412139 Mobile +919811081957 Official Mail address: satishagarwal307@yahoo.com Website: www.femainindia.com

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